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Remote Contact Extender

RCE-1 RCE-1E(ENCLOSED)

Introduction

The Integrity Instruments **RCE-1** allows the user to monitor contact status at one location, and send these signals to a remote location. The system is bi-directional allowing contact status at the remote location to be sent back to the other end. Up to 8 inputs at each end can be sent as outputs to the other end. The uniqueness is that this is done over a single set of twisted pair wires using rs-485 communications.

Applications

The RCE-1 can be used for a multitude of uses.

Remote alarm indication and reset

Contact control from a remote source.

Physical status (loading doors open, pumps running).

Production operational status.

Manned operations acknowledgement.

Remote physical positioning operations.

Remote access control.

Physical operations (open windows, start watering pumps)

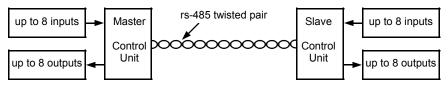
Remote lighting control.

These are but a few, if there is a need for any remote operations, the remote contact extender is the answer.

Operation

The RCE-1 system consists of a master slave set. Power to each unit is supplied from the area it is at. When the units are powered a communication protocol is maintained between the units. Similar to a "watch dog" operation the units send information to each other. When an input is sensed at one end, this information is sent to the opposite end and a corresponding output is activated at the other end. If communication is lost, all outputs at both ends are de-activated.

The communications between the units is done via rs-485. Normal baud rate is 115,200K. The rs-485 is capable of 4,000 foot distances. Using repeaters this can be increased almost indefinitely.



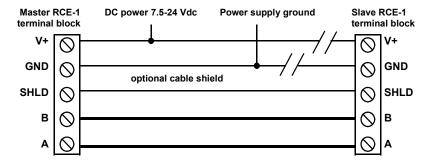
RS-485 Cabling

The **RCE-1** is designed to operate in a Multi-Drop RS-485 LAN configuration. In a half-duplex mullti-drop environment all RS-485 nodes share the same data lines. A single pair of data lines act as both Transmit and Receive wires.

Data lines (A/B) are the only wires required between RS-485 nodes All RS-485 nodes need not share the same V+ and GND

Cabling Notes:

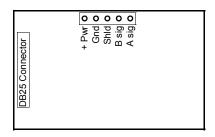
- Gnd and Shld are connected internally within the RCE-1
- 2) Cable termination is important for long distance and high-speed applications
- Suggested cable: 24 awg stranded twisted pair with shield for cable runs in excess of 200 feet. See also Belden cable #9841 and #9463.
- 4) The end units (A) and (B) should be terminated. The **RCE-1** has built in termination in the unit.



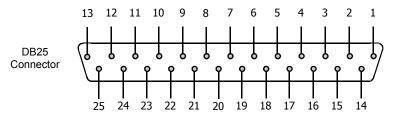
Physical

The inputs and outputs are available through a **female DB25 connector**. The I/O lines are 5vdc operation. When + 5vdc is sensed at an input line, the corresponding output line goes high to + 5vdc. Voltage is present at the DB25 connector for external use.

This connector mates to our **EXP-TRK** or **EXP-STA** module allowing industry standard I/O modules to be used. Our **DB25TSM** unit is also available for easy terminal strip connections to the DB25 connector



| Performance Characteristics | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| DC input voltage 7.5 to 24 VDC | | |
| DC input current | 45 to 250 ma | |
| Baud Rate | 115,200Kbps | |
| Termination resistance | 120 ohms | |



Female front view - Male rear view

DB 25 connector inputs and outputs

| DB25 | Description | Master | Slave |
|------|----------------------------|------------|------------|
| 1 | Port 2 bit 0 (PIC PORTD 0) | Input - | Output |
| 2 | Port 2 bit 1 (PIC PORTD 1) | Output - | Input |
| 3 | Port 2 bit 2 (PIC PORTD 2) | Input - | Output |
| 4 | Port 2 bit 3 (PIC PORTD 3) | Output - | Input |
| 5 | Port 2 bit 4 (PIC PORTD 4) | Input - | Output |
| 6 | Port 2 bit 5 (PIC PORTD 5) | Output - | Input |
| 7 | Port 2 bit 6 (PIC PORTD 6) | Input | Output |
| 8 | Port 2 bit 7 (PIC PORTD 7) | Output - | Input |
| 9 | DO NOT USE | DO NOT USE | DO NOT USE |
| 10 | No Connection | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | +V Unregulated Out | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | +5Vdc | N/A | N/A |
| 13 | GND | N/A | N/A |
| 14 | Port 1 bit 0 (PIC PORTB 0) | Input | Output |
| 15 | Port 1 bit 1 (PIC PORTB 1) | Output - | Input |
| 16 | Port 1 bit 2 (PIC PORTB 2) | Input - | Output |
| 17 | Port 1 bit 3 (PIC PORTB 3) | Output - | Input |
| 18 | Port 1 bit 4 (PIC PORTB 4) | Input | Output |
| 19 | Port 1 bit 5 (PIC PORTB 5) | Output - | Input |
| 20 | Port 1 bit 6 (PIC PORTB 6) | Input | Output |
| 21 | Port 1 bit 7 (PIC PORTB 7) | Output - | Input |
| 22 | DO NOT USE | DO NOT USE | DO NOT USE |
| 23 | No Connection | N/A | N/A |
| 24 | +5Vdc | N/A | N/A |
| 25 | GND | N/A | N/A |

| DIP Switch Settings | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------|
| Position 1 Master control | Position 3 | Position 4 | Baud |
| N/A | ON | ON | 115,200 |
| N/A | OFF | ON | 57,600 |
| N/A | ON | OFF | 19,200 |
| ON | N/A | N/A | Master run |
| OFF | N/A | N/A | Master idle/program |

Operation characteristics

| Firmware version | V2.5 |
|------------------------|--|
| Power on default | OFF |
| Watchdog | If no communications within 1 second all outputs will be |
| | turned off. |
| Communication protocol | Master sends, slave responds |
| Addressing | Master unit has odd numbered address |
| | Slave unit has even numbered address |
| Initiation | Dip switch position 1 on master must be on to enable |
| CPU clock | 14.7456 Mhz |
| Update speed | 10 milliseconds at 115,200 baud rate |
| | 11.5 milliseconds at 57,600 baud rate |
| | 18.4 milliseconds at 19,200 baud rate |

Master unit

Slave unit

LED Operation

Assume the system is wired, and power is applied to both the Master and Slave units.

Idle (master DIP switch position 1 = OFF : no communication)

Master---- Green blinking Slave ----- Green blinking

Running (master DIP switch position 1 = ON: communication good)

Master---- Green/Red Slave -----Red

Running (master DIP switch position 1 = ON : communication failure)

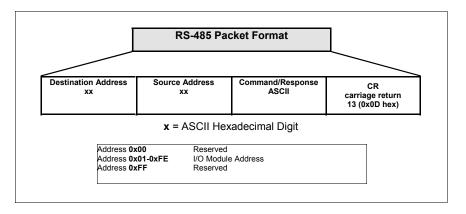
Master---- -----Red Slave ----- Green blinking

Communications

The Integrity Instruments RCE-1 modules use rs-485 as the communications interface. The interface uses simple ASCII commands. A carriage return (decimal code 13 or Hex code 0x0D) marks the end of a data packet.

RS-485 Interface:

- RS-485 operates Half Duplex
- Each module (node) on the bus has a unique Address 1 to 254 (0x01-0xFE hex)
- We use the latest Linear Technologies® RS-485 bus drivers (LTC1487)
- Address 0 (0x00 hex) is reserved for host PC.
- Address 255 (0xFF hex) is reserved for broadcast address.



Commands and Responses

The following table illustrates the Integrity Instruments I/O module commands and responses.

NOTE

------- All numeric data is represent as ASCII Hexadecimal integers (value x/y in the table)
------- If a module receives an illegal or improperly formatted command, Error Response is sent.
-------- All ASCII characters are CASE SENSITIVE (use all capital letters!)
------- For field programming and troubleshooting contact Integrity Instruments.
------- DIP switch 1 on master must be set off to program or monitor unit.
------- You will have to have a rs-232 to rs-485 converter like our 485-25E to communicate with the unit.

Example Commands

The following table illustrates actual command and response data for an RS-485 interface.

NOTE

- All numeric data is represent as ASCII Hexadecimal integers
- Example **Host Address** = 0x00 and **Module Address** = 0x01 (Master)
- The symbol

 equates to a carriage return (decimal 13, hex 0x0D)

| Command Sent by Host | Response Sent by I/O Module | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 0001V ₄ J | Vxy | Firmware version x.y |
| 0001K₊J | Kxx | Get receive error count (xx current count) |
| 0001J₊ | J | Clear receive error count |
| 0001Wyyxx₊J | W | Write EEPROM (yy address, xx value) |
| 0001Ryy₊J | Rxx | Read EEPROM (yy address in command, xx value in reponse) |
| S (master to slave) | S | Master sends Sxxyy (Master current inputs xx=Port 1 yy=Port 2 |
| Slave reaction | | Slave updates with new Port 1 and Port 2 values from master |
| S (slave to master) | S | Slave responds Sxxyy (Slave current inputs xx=Port s yy=Port 2 |
| Master reaction | | Master updates with new Port 1 and Port 2 values from slave |
| 0001Z₊J | Z | Reset CPU |
| | | |
| | x | Command error response |

EEPROM Map

| Address | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| 0x00 MASTER | Module Address (RS-485 address) [factory default = 0x01] |
| 0x01 MASTER | Async Destination Address, or slave address [factory default = 0x02] |
| 0x00 SLAVE | Module Address (RS-485 address) [factory default = 0x02] |
| 0x01 SLAVE | Async Destination Address, or slave address [N/A] |

Digital Input/Output parameters

| Characteristic | Value |
|----------------------------|--|
| Digital I/O Current | I/O line source & sink 25 ma Total current PORT1 200 ma Total current PORT2 200 ma |
| Digital I/O Voltage Levels | Input Off (0) = 0V - 0.8V Input On (1) = 2.0V - 5.0V Output Off (0) = 0.6V max. Output On (1) = 4.3V min. |

| Digital I/O Levels | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Master or Slave Input Lo | Corresponding Master or Slave Output Lo | |
| Master or Slave Input Hi | Corresponding Master or Slave Output Hi | |

NOTES

WARRANTY

Integrity Instruments warranties all products against defective workmanship and components for the life of the unit. Integrity Instruments agrees to repair or replace, at it's sole discretion, a defective product if returned to Integrity Instruments with proof of purchase. Products that have been mis-used, improperly applied, or subject to adverse operating conditions fall beyond the realm of defective workmanship and are not convered by this warranty.

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